

ASSASSINATION.

Senator William Goebel Shot From a Window While in the State House Grounds.

FIVE BULLETS WERE FIRED AT THE MAN

Mr. Goebel Was Walking Up the Sidewalk Leading to the Door of the Capitol Building.

The Senator Is Not Badly Wounded—One Man Placed Under Arrest—State Capitol Is Immediately Surrounded by Troops.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 31.—Senator Goebel was shot and fatally wounded at 11:10 Tuesday morning. The shooting was done by some man at present unknown. Mr. Goebel was walking up the sidewalk leading to the door of the capitol building, on his way to the senate, when a man in the second story of the building immediately to the east of the capitol fired upon him. Five shots were fired, and Mr. Goebel fell to the ground fatally wounded. He was at once carried to the Capitol hotel. The wildest excitement was instantly created in the town, and within ten minutes after Mr. Goebel had been shot the streets were filled with men carrying rifles and revolvers.



WILLIAM GOEBEL.

A guard was instantly thrown around the building from which the shots came, and in less than three minutes 50 special police surrounded it, and a detail began a search of the interior for the assassins.

At 11:30 a. m. Senator Goebel is still alive, though there is no prospect of recovery.

The wildest excitement prevails all over the town.

"They have assassinated Senator Goebel," was shouted into the house door an instant after the shots rang out. The members rushed pell-mell over one another down the steps to the front of the building, coatless and hatless. In five minutes citizens of the town by hundreds poured into the state house yard, and it looked as if a riot would result. Cooler heads advised the surrounding of the building.

Troops surrounded the state house. Cincinnati, Jan. 31.—Alfred Goebel, a brother of the wounded man, left this city at 1 o'clock for Frankfort, with five of the most eminent surgeons in the city.

AMERICA AHEAD.

For the Rapid Mobilization of the Army England Makes a Poor Showing With Us.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Surg. Gen. Sternburg has compiled some figures as a basis of mortality calculations in the Spanish-American war, which, incidentally, developed the interesting fact that the mobilization of the army during the Spanish-American war was accomplished in only a fraction of the time required to assemble an equivalent number of troops at the outbreak of the civil war.

In May, 1861, the main strength of the union army was 16,161, and in one month it had increased to only 66,950. In the first month of the Spanish-American war the United States army, starting at 163,726, had increased before the close of the month to 202,526. This is regarded as a remarkable fact of military organization far surpassing the best results obtained by the British government.

Will Demand a Nine-Hour Day.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—The Pattern-makers' union has decided to demand a nine-hour day after April 1. As a preliminary step a demand has been made on the proprietors of all job shops for recognition of the union, as the factories could have their work done in the job shops if a strike would result. It is thought there will be little difficulty in securing the nine-hour day.

ENGLAND CRITICIZED.

Senator Mason Wants Peace Treaty Ratified So United States Can Offer Mediation.

Washington, Jan. 30.—Mr. Mason (Ill.), at the conclusion of routine morning business in the senate, rose to a question of personal privilege. He had read a newspaper clipping of an interview with the British consul at New Orleans, saying that the British public was disgusted with the position taken by the American people and some of the senators in congress on the subject of the British-Transvaal war. That position was assumed, the consul was quoted as saying, simply because the American people were mercenary. To-day they were favorable to the Boers because they had achieved a little success; to-morrow they would be just as favorable to the British when they had achieved victory. The consul also attacked Senator Mason specifically.

Mr. Mason said the consul's utterance was scarcely worth attention, except that he was one of the accredited representatives of a great nation to this country. "It is not the first time," declared Mr. Mason, "a British diplomat has attempted to run this country. So far as his personal attacks upon me are concerned, I have no concern. They do me honor. The more venomous the attacks by the British upon me and those who think like me; the more we are made the subjects of British stupidity and animosity, the sooner will the American people get on the right side of the controversy. He declared that 95 per cent. of the people of America were in sympathy with the Boers in their contest with Great Britain.

"I want to say," said Mr. Mason, "I ask for no special defense from the state department in this matter, for, with the help of God, I'll try to take care of myself. But," said he, "there is one thing that I should like to inquire about. What has become of the arbitration treaty that was submitted to this senate? I am told that the United States government can not mediate in this war until that treaty has been ratified. If that is so, I want that treaty discovered and ratified, so that the barrier against mediation shall be removed."

Mr. Mason then urged the committee on foreign relations, to which his resolution of sympathy with the Boers had been referred, to make a report upon it, in order that a vote might be had upon it.

The senate then adopted an order presented by Mr. Allison (Ia.) deciding to proceed to the election of a secretary and sergeant-at-arms of the senate.

This was the second step in the reorganization of the senate which has been pending for several weeks. Mr. Allison, then in succession, presented resolutions, first, that Charles C. Bennett, of New York, be elected secretary of the senate, and second, that Daniel M. Ransdell, of Indiana, be elected sergeant-at-arms.

After an agreement was reached that the officers were not to take their places until February 1, the resolutions were adopted without division.

AMERICANS SHOT.

Six Men Killed By Orders of a Mexican Officer for Being With the Yaqui Indians.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The secretary of state is in receipt of a telegram from United States Consul Kindrick at Juarez, Mex., reporting that six Americans have been shot. Their names are: Don Cusack, Jack Eldridge, George Lunt, Charles Burns, Lou Webster and Henry Williams. It is said that they were shot by order of Gen. Torres, near Guaymas, on the ground that they were found with Yaqui Indians.

The consul has not yet been able to confirm this report but the secretary of state has suitably instructed our ambassador in relation to the alleged shooting, and has also instructed Consul Kindrick to ascertain and report to the ambassador all particulars.

Sold Butterine Without a License.
Chicago, Jan. 30.—Alleged fraud in the sale of butterine, which hundreds of dealers throughout the country have purchased as butter, is said to have been practiced by John R. Rooney and Walter H. Butler, who will appear before a United States commissioner to answer to two charges of alleged violation of the internal revenue law. The government officers claim to have sufficient evidence to show that the defendants have carried on business as wholesale dealers in butterine without having paid a government license.

Senator Scott's Seat Secure.

Washington, Jan. 30.—The protest against Senator Scott, of West Virginia, occupying his seat in the senate probably will be decided soon by the senate committee on privileges and elections in favor of Senator Scott. The committee has decided not to take any more testimony in the case because of its opposition to going behind the act of the state legislature in the matter of seating its members.

STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Our Lawmakers Are at Work at Frankfort—Bills Introduced and Passed.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 24.—Senate—The senate passed the Puryear resolution memorializing congress to amend the present national bankrupt law so that it will apply to counties, townships and quasi-corporations. Bills were introduced as follows: To amend the revenue law to prohibit state and county taxes on whisky shall be paid annually instead of at the end of the bonded period; to amend Section 4220 to amend the charter of sixth-class towns by requiring publication in a newspaper of the financial condition of the city and providing a manner of settlement with the city marshal; to amend the pharmacy law by including "eucaine, cocaine and all other alkaloids and salts of coca and coca leaf" in the list of medicines to be sold only on prescription of a regular physician; to prevent extortion and control payment of debts for labor in lawful money.

House—Mr. Willingham, of the contest committee, reported against Ray (dem.), from Garrard, reported with the expression of opinion that Mr. Ray should retain his seat. The report was unanimously adopted. The Van Meter (dem.) against Berry (rep.), contest from Fayette, reported that his committee was not ready to report, and further time was granted. It was made a special order for 10:30 o'clock Friday morning. The Gill (dem.) against Brister (rep.), contest from Logan county, was made a special order for the same day and hour. The Randall (dem.) vs. Strong (rep.), contest from Jefferson county, and the Roberts (dem.) vs. Aiken (rep.), from city of Louisville, were made special orders for Tuesday at 10:30.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 25.—Senate—Bills were introduced as follows: Appropriating \$1,000 to Mrs. Margaret A. Diamond, whose son was killed while with the state militia at Mayfield in 1887, to establish the office of fish, game and bird warden; to regulate and define the power of corporations organized for religious, charitable, educational or other lawful purposes from which no private gain is to be derived; to amend section 3, chapter 47, of the law relating to roads and passways, by prohibiting the supervisors from being interested in taxes or honors worked on the road; to amend section 15 of the common school law, so that the governor and chief justice shall select the state board of education; a resolution was adopted calling on the state auditor for information as to taxes paid by certain banks.

House—On account of so many armed men being in the city, the galleries were cleared of all visitors and the doors locked. The only business transacted was the filing of various petitions, and for an appropriation for a new capitol building, and one requesting the repeal of the law relating to the election of the committee reported a number of bills favorably, all of minor importance, excepting one authorizing the appointment of a state house commission and providing for the erection of a new capitol building. The bill was slightly changed by the committee.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 26.—Senate—Senator Johnson's bill prohibiting wearing high hats in theaters furnished fun for a half hour, and was passed by a vote of 18 to 10. The following bills were introduced: To authorize school boards of second-class cities to issue bonds not to exceed \$100,000 to build and equip schoolhouses; to amend the law relating to the election of the board of second-class cities to issue warrants for money instead of the city clerk; as now provided, the clerk is to provide for the purchase of statutes and codes for the use of the legislators passed. Pending consideration of senate bill 20, requiring railroads of less than 40 miles in length, to run one passenger train each way daily the senate adjourned.

House—When the house met the contested election case of Van Meter-Berry was taken up. The representative of the house should go into a committee of the whole and the both sides of the question and minority reports are presented, and giving to each side 40 minutes for argument. After lengthy arguments were made for both the majority and minority reports a ballot was taken which resulted in Van Meter, the democrat, being seated by a vote of 54 to 43, on strict party lines. The house then adjourned until Monday.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 27.—Senate—Bills were introduced as follows: To amend the law relating to the election of the board of second-class cities, making it imperative upon the city council to appropriate \$5,000 a year whenever the sum of \$20,000 has been accumulated as a library fund, and directing the city of Covington to now has \$20,000 for said fund; making it lawful to construct bridges over navigable streams and rivers wholly within this state, provided the location and plans thereof have been approved by the federal authorities before construction is commenced.

House—The house did nothing but swear in Mr. Van Meter, the representative from Fayette, who won his contest against Mr. Berry Saturday. The Gill-Brister contest committee was ready to report, but neither side was ready for a fight over the adoption of the report seating Brister, the republican, on account of so many absentees, and the house adjourned.

Franklin Grand Jury Report.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 28.—The Franklin county grand jury filed a report declaring that the report of further attempt at bribery of legislators is without foundation. It states also that a letter was addressed to Gov. Taylor by the grand jury asking whether he had any information regarding the visit of armed men to Frankfort and that no reply was received.

Will Supply Bullet-Proof Clothing.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—Letters from a Chicago firm that manufactures bullet-proof cloth, offering the cloth at low rates, were received at both republican and democratic headquarters, and greeted much merriment. The incident shows how the situation in Kentucky is viewed in other states.

GUBERNATORIAL CONTEST.

All the Evidence Is in and the Argument Was Begun on Monday Afternoon.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 25.—It will be approximately three weeks before the gubernatorial contest board will be able to make their report to the legislature and a vote can be taken by that body. Chairman Hickman, of the Goebel-Taylor contest board, announced that it had been determined to allow each side four days longer for the presentation of evidence. At least two days will be taken up by arguments, and Mr. Hickman said the board would require at least one week in which to go over the evidence and prepare its report. Ex-Gov. Bradley for the contestee, asked more time and the democrats gave him two days out of their four.

The churches of Frankfort united in a prayer service, asking that all trouble from the political situation might be averted and that all danger of bloodshed be avoided. Three services were held in the Episcopal church, one in the morning, the second in the evening and third at night.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 26.—Many witnesses were examined before the gubernatorial contest boards. The evidence related chiefly to the alleged use of tissue ballots in democratic counties and to the use of the militia in Louisville. Chairman Hickman said he believed all testimony would be in by Wednesday, January 31, and that the committees report will be ready for joint assembly not later than February 15.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 27.—Tissue ballots and intimidation continue the burden of the evidence offered by the contestees before the board hearing the gubernatorial contests.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 27.—Judge Sterling B. Toney said that he had forwarded to the commission certified copies of the records of his court with a letter stating that he doubted the propriety of the judge of the circuit court appearing to testify concerning the matters involved in this contest but that if the commission disagreed with him as to the proprieties of the occasion that he would promptly respond to their summons.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 28.—The gubernatorial contest boards overruled the motion of ex-Gov. Bradley that the contestees be allowed until Wednesday night to conclude their testimony. Messrs. Yarberry and Reed, republican members of the boards, voted to sustain the motion and made additional protest against the action of the majority. Attorney Yost, for the contestees, protested also and gave notice that a written protest would be filed. The boards agreed to add half a day to the contestees time which compels them to rest their case Saturday night. The contestants will have all of Monday for rebuttal and the argument will begin Tuesday.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—All the evidence in the Goebel-Taylor contest for the executive office of the state is in and arguments will be begun at 2 o'clock. The arguments will be made from 2 o'clock to 6 o'clock and from 7:30 to 9:30 for three days with the exception of Thursday's session, which will be held on the morning of that day.

COLSON OUT OF JAIL.

Removed to the King's Daughters' Hospital, Where He Is Kept Under a Special Guard.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—Col. David G. Colson has been removed from the jail to the King's Daughters' hospital on an order from Judge Cantrill permitting him to be kept there under a special guard. The order was based on affidavits filed by Dr. E. E. Hume, of this city, and Dr. J. G. Furnish, state senator from the Boone county district, who stated that Colson's confinement in jail seriously retards his recovery from the wounds which he received in the Colson-Scott battle in the Capitol hotel, in which Scott, Demaree and Julian were killed.

Blackburn's Commission Held Back.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—It is not likely that United States Senator-elect Blackburn will receive any commission from Gov. Taylor until the present gubernatorial contest has been finally settled. Gov. Taylor, it is stated on excellent authority, will assume the position that if it is decided he is illegally governor of Kentucky, the legislators who elected Blackburn and who were declared elected at the same election at which he was a candidate for governor, were also illegally elected and have not therefore the power to choose a senator.

Mountaineers on the Move.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—There are rumors of more mountaineers scheduled to arrive here Tuesday, bent on trouble. Talk of a ramp legislature is revived.

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WILLIAM S. GOEBEL,
GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY.

GOEBEL SHOT BY ASSASSINS.

Struck Down By Bullets From Winchesters While Approaching State House. The Wound Probably Fatal. Five Shots Fired By Concealed Murderers From Windows of Executive Building.

Entire State Guard Hurried To Frankfort.

Bullet Ploughed Its Way Through the Senator's Body. Skilled Surgeons On Hand, Declare He Has Hardly One Chance In a Hundred of Living. Intense Excitement Caused By the Calamity.

REPUBLICANS ARE DAZED—LEADERS STUNNED.

Governor Goebel was shot about two inches to the right of the right nipple, the ball passing through his body coming out two inches to left of spine. Shot with a 44 Winchester. Sworn in as Governor, Wednesday night.

Col. Jack Chinn who was with Senator Goebel when shot.

"I went to the Senator's room about 10 o'clock this morning. Jim Barclay, of Nicholasville; Warden Eph Lillard, of the Frankfort penitentiary, and Mr. Aaron Kohn, one of Mr. Goebel's attorneys, were in his room Parlor A at the Capitol Hotel. We all left the room about the same time. Lillard, Barclay and myself came down the stairs with Goebel. Barclay went into the hotel lobby while Lillard and myself accompanied him to the Capitol. Lillard and Goebel walked about twenty feet in front of me, as I was holding back for Mr. Barclay. I caught up with them at the Capitol gate.

"As I could not walk rapidly Goebel fell back with me while Lillard walked about thirty yards ahead of us through the yard toward the General Assembly building. No conversation occurred between us so far as I can remember. I was on Goebel's right and he was about two feet ahead of me when the first shot was fired. The fountain is in the center of the pavement about sixty feet in front of the broad steps of the State building. When we were about halfway between the fountain and the steps I heard the report of a rifle.

HOW MR. GOEBEL FELL.

"At almost the same instant Goebel bent double, groaned harshly, clutched at his right side, fell to his knees. I said:

"My God! Goebel, they have killed you," but was a little too far away to catch him.

"I guess they have," he said as he was falling.

"He fell to his right and then forward, rolling over on his back. I think his right knee struck the pavement first. He raised in a moment as to get up on his elbow, when I said:

"Lie still, Goebel, or they might shoot you again.

"The first shot struck Goebel, and it was first from one of the upper floors of the executive building, just east of the General Assembly building, to which we were going.

"The first shot was followed in quick succession by four others, and I heard the bullets hum by me and over the body of Goebel. I am of the opinion that the second shot was fired from a side window, while the first was fired from a front window. It is my impression that they were rifle shots.

AN APPEAL FOR AID.

"I looked for the shots, trying to locate exactly where they came from. Everybody seemed to keep

of the members will be held next Tuesday. The information regarding what was said is in every way reliable.

Taylor Proclaims the Legislature Adjourned To Meet at London, Ky., February 6, and Chases Its Members with Soldiers.

The proclamation reads: "Executive Department, Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 30.—To the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

"Whereas, A state of insurrection now prevails in the State of Kentucky, and especially in Frankfort, the Capital thereof, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution of Kentucky, I do hereby by this proclamation adjourn at once the General Assembly of the State of Kentucky, to meet in London, Laurel county, Tuesday, the sixth day of February, 1900, at 12 o'clock noon.

"W. S. TAYLOR,"
"Governor of Kentucky,"
"By CALEB POWERS,"
"Secretary of State."

Mr. Aaron Kohn said regarding Gov. Taylor's proclamation: "The Legislature should pay no attention to this proclamation; but pass a resolution declaring there is no insurrection and continue to hold sessions at Frankfort. An insurrection of fact and the Legislature while in session it the judge. The Governor has no right to declare its existence while the Legislature is in session."

OPINIONS OF PUBLIC MEN.



HON. W. J. BRYAN.

Just at the close of the reception given in honor of W. J. Bryan at Faneuil Hall in Boston, the dispatch announcing the fact that Senator Goebel had been shot while entering the State House, was handed to him, and following is the statement made by Mr. Bryan:

"It is shocking, shocking. I trust that the shot will not prove fatal. Mr. Goebel made a great fight against fierce opposition, and feeling was wrought up to a high pitch, but I had no thought of assassination being resorted to. It probably was the individual act of some bitter political opponent. I cannot assume or believe that any considerable number of Republicans or anti-Goebel Democrats would counsel or excuse such an act. I sincerely hope that the Democrats will not allow excitement or resentment to lead them to acts of violence. We can afford to permit the Republicans to enjoy the monopoly of force and threats. Let the law deal with those who violate the law."

Senator Blackburn says:

"Whether he lives or dies the effect of this cowardly attempt upon his life with all the conditions that surround it can not be proved disastrous to the Republican party in its contention. I have telephoned our friends at Frankfort urging them to commit no act violence, but to continue to insist that the law shall take its course, not only in determining the contest for State officers, but in the punishment of those who have resorted to assassination."

COL. BRECKENRIDGE.

"It is with profound sorrow that we heard of the cowardly attempted assassination of Mr. Goebel. We most sincerely trust that he may recover. It is always a dastardly

crime for which there can never be a pardon. We were not the friend of Mr. Goebel, but we were never his personal enemy; there was never a day when we wished him harm or would have been glad at any misfortune to him. We reprobate such violence; we condemn all violence; we hope that the assassin may be discovered and convicted."

EX-SENATOR BRONSTON:

"The shooting will hurt the Republicans, and if Senator Goebel lives, this affair is certain to aid him in his contest. I believe in fair play and a fair fight and my sympathy is with Goebel. There is no punishment too severe for the men who conspired to end his life."

CONSPIRACY.

Hon. E. Tutt Burnan, Insurance Commissioner under Ex-Gov Bradley says:

"When I left Frankfort a few days ago I was satisfied there would be bloodshed, and I am not surprised at Senator Goebel being the first victim. I have predicted all along that if the contest was decided in his favor he would never take his seat. However, I believe it was some irresponsible crank, overzealous for his party's success, that fired the shot."

More Evidence of Conspiracy.

Dr. E. M. Garber, a Frankfort physician, made a statement tonight which proves further that Republicans had conspired to kill Goebel.

"Last Saturday night," said he, "I was returning home from the State House when I met a man who is in sympathy with the Republicans and is close to them. I will not give his name unless I am called upon to do so in court, and then I will. I remarked that I did not expect any trouble. Said he: 'Well, it is a wonder to me that Goebel was not killed yesterday.'"

"I asked him if he thought there was any danger of Goebel being shot."

"I know one thing," replied he, "and that is, Goebel will never take his seat if the Legislature gives it to him."

"I asked him why not. He replied: 'I know what I am talking about when I say he will never take his seat. That much has been settled upon.'"

Date was set for Friday last.

"By the drift of the men's talk I presumed that it had been planned to kill Goebel the day before, Friday, for he said he was surprised that Goebel had not been killed on that day. In connection with this I will tell what a patient of mine told me early in the week. He is also in a position to know Republican secrets. Said he:

"Doctor you had better look out Friday, for there's going to be trouble."

"I laughed and he continued by saying: Well, I'm warning you in advance. I know positively that trouble has been planned for Friday, and it would not surprise me to see some people killed. Now I'm a friend of yours, and I will warn you to keep your wife and children in the house or away from the State-house on that day."

Dr. Gaber is willing to make affidavit to prove the truth of his statements.

Gov. Taylor says he is not responsible for the assassination: A man from Covington was told tonight that Gov. Taylor said he was not responsible for the attempted assassination.

"If he would tell that to a mule," said the man from Covington, "the mule would kick him to death."

NO RIGHT TO ADJOURN LEGISLATURE.

Hon. E. J. McDermott:

"The General Assembly is trying to controversy over the governorship and that makes the Constitution ever intended that a Governor while his title was in dispute and under trial, could adjourn the General Assembly against its will to a place away from the seat of government and selected by him."

Judge Muir Also Says "No."

Judge P. B. Muir made the following statement: "Section 36 of

the Constitution provides that the General Assembly shall hold its auspices at Frankfort, except in case of war, insurrection or pestilence, when it may, by proclamation by the Governor, assemble for the time being elsewhere in the State. As neither war, insurrection or pestilence exists, I am unable to see that the Governor has any power to issue such a proclamation or to convene the Legislature at London or elsewhere in the State outside of Frankfort."

Warning Letter of Conspiracy

Alleged Plot To Kill Goebel and Judges Hazelrigg and Hobson

The Letter:

"Middlesboro, Ky., Jan. 24, 1900 —A company of militia organized in the last few days by Republican leaders will leave to-night for Frankfort. I have never thought the Republicans meant anything but a sort of bluff, but from the threats and a stir in their ranks and among the L. and N. railroad henchmen, it looks as if they were planning some desperate scheme. It was told to me at the time of writing this letter that Goebel, Hazelrigg or Hobson would be killed before a week if things kept on as it is apparent they are going. From what I know of my informant and what I see around me I feel it my duty to notify these men at Frankfort to be on the watch. Likely I ought not to say so much as I have, but I feel that something in the way of a notice should be given. This is written only for you, but in some way I trust you will place these three Democrats on their guard, and notify Goebel as quickly as possible.

GOVERNOR GOEBEL'S

First Proclamation.

Commonwealth of Kentucky, Executive Department, Frankfort, Ky.—Whereas, as it has been known to me that certain persons, without authority of law, have banded themselves together for the unlawful purpose of forcibly preventing the General Assembly of Kentucky from assembling and discharging their official duties at the seat of Government, and have for said unlawful purpose assembled in the city of Frankfort the First and Second Regiments of the Kentucky State guard, and by force of arms have unlawfully taken possession of the hall of the House of Representatives and the Senate Chamber of the State of Kentucky, as well as all other public buildings and archives of the Commonwealth and have by force, intimidation and violence expelled the General Assembly from the Capitol buildings, and refused to permit the Senate and House of Representatives to hold their sessions therein, and are now terrorizing the representatives of the people, who are good citizens of the Commonwealth—Now, therefore, I, William Goebel, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby command the said First and Second Regiments of the Kentucky State Guards, and each and every officer and member thereof, to return to their homes and several avocations and there remain until lawfully called into service.

I also command all other persons whatsoever, who are now unlawfully engaged in interfering with and intimidating members of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth to disband and desist from terrorizing and intimidating the said members of the General Assembly and all other good citizens of this Commonwealth.

Given under my hand as Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky at Frankfort, Kentucky, this 31st day of January, 1900.

(Signed)

WM. GOEBEL.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 1st, 11 a.m.

Special to Signal:

Governor Goebel appoints Ex-Governor J. B. McCrary Adjutant General and disperses the State Guards.

At 5:30 this afternoon, Thursday, Logue Thompson received a telegram from ex-Gov. McCrary who is at Frankfort, that Gov. Goebel was better and the outlook was hopeful.



WILLIAM S. TAYLOR.

The man who is partially to blame for the wound which Senator Goebel received on last Tuesday. Mr. Taylor is very persistent in the fact that he had nothing to do with the soldiers coming to Frankfort from all over the mountain counties. This we cannot admit. We will agree that probably it was not done by the work of his pen, but the work of his brain was in a large measure the cause of it. If this kind of a procedure did not meet with his approbation, why didn't he stop it. He had the power, everything was in his hands and all he would have had to do, would have been to give the orders and they would have been obeyed.

After the shooting took place, all that Mr. Taylor did was to step to the window and see who it was, and then returned to his office no doubt with a light heart. Immediately after the shooting took place orders were issued to Gen. Colyer to call out the entire State Guard, which were, as soon as they could arrive, placed around the Capital Building, and the Governor has had so much business to attend to that he has remained at the Capital both day and night, not even taking time to go for his meals, but has them brought to him. The state of affairs is in a deplorable condition, and we regret very much to see it. The present condition of things is such that it will not be tolerated much longer by the good citizens, both Democrats and Republicans, and it ought not to be. Let them join hands and say as neighbors and friends, who love the name of Kentucky, that we will not see our beloved State, one of the grandest States of this great Union; of ours, disgraced and marked by the age of scorn and rebuke of the whole world for all time to come. Let us think twice and act once, and let that one time be for right and everything will end well.

"Right will never wrong any man."

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern: Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the late A. W. Hart, deceased, and all persons having claims against said decedent, will present the same duly verified to the undersigned administrator at the store of said A. W. Hart, deceased, in Conway, Rockcastle county, Ky. Jan 26-4t

FRED A. HART,

Adm'r for A. W. Hart, Dec'd.

Look—Top prices paid for furs, game, eggs, poultry, bides, feathers and all kinds of country produce. A. E. ALBRIGHT & BRO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Reference: Second National Bank, Cincinnati; First National Bank, Stanford, Ky; Curry, Tunis & Norwood, Lexington, Ky.

"I think I would go crazy with pain were it not for Chamberlain's Pain Balm," writes Mr. W. H. Stapleton, Herminie, Pa. "I have been afflicted with rheumatism for several years and have tried remedies without number, but Pain Balm is the best medicine I have got hold of." One application relieves the pain. For sale by Theo. Wesley, druggist, Mt. Vernon.

Mt. Vernon Signal

MT. VERNON, KY., FEB. 2, 1900

Entered at the Mt. Vernon, Ky., Post-office as second-class mail matter



L. & N. LOCAL TIME CARD.
Day Mail North..... 11:05 a.m.
Day Mail South..... 1:57 p.m.
Night Ex. North..... 1:32 a.m.
Night Ex. South..... 1:44 a.m.
J. A. LANDRUM, Agent.

MASONIC.

Ashtland Lodge No. 640 meets 2nd Monday 10 a.m.

CHURCHES.

Christian—Holds services 1st & 3rd Sunday at 11 a.m. and at 6:30 p.m.

Presbyterian—Holds services on the 4th Sunday

Baptist Church—Services on the Second Saturday night and Sunday. Sunday School at 9 a.m. every Sunday. Prayer meeting on Tuesday nights.

LOCAL and OTHERWISE.

C. C. Williams is on the sick list this week.

All kinds of fancy groceries in Basement. Jan 26-31

Miss Flora Jones of Pittsburg is guest of Miss Grace Cox this week.

You can find in the Basement home-made and City-made candies. Jan 26-31

Mrs. John Ross of Pittsburg is visiting Mrs. W. R. McClure this week.

Keep your eye on the Basement for all kinds of fruits and vegetables. Jan 26-31

Mrs. Margarette Sambrook of Livingston spent last week in Cincinnati.

Born to the wife of Hiram Herd, a boy, which was immediately named Goebel.

When you come to Court don't forget the Basement for a good lunch. Jan 26-31

Mrs. Geo. McCoy after a serious illness of two weeks, is considerably improved.

Dr. Emmet Proctor and family have returned from an extended visit to Deland Florida.

Dr. Will Childress will leave Sunday for Louisville where he will enter the Medical College.

Miss Maggie Walters and little Cora Griffin spent Saturday and Sunday with friend in Livingston.

For good suit of clothes from \$7.50 up as high as you want them call and see C. C. Davis. at Drugstore.

Mrs. Charles Thompson of Louisville is here to see her grand-mother Mrs. Margarette Fish who is very ill.

Deputy Sheriff J. J. Wood says that last year's taxes are about all collected and that they are up with their Circuit work.

S. N. Davis has been surveying, this week, the land in controversy between Mrs. Margarette Sambrook and W. R. Dillion.

Mrs. Jeff Pennington is gradually growing weaker all the time and unless there is a change she will not last but a short time.

N. B. Whitaker administrator of ex-representative Whitaker deceased, was in town Saturday settling up the estate.

Miss Maud Cobel, an accomplished and highly educated lady, of Rockfield, Ind. has been employed to assist in teaching at the College.

John Lytle, of Pittsburg and Verdict Collins, of Withers, were tried Wednesday before U. S. Commissioner White and held to answer the Federal Court at Louisville.

Tom Brannaman was over from Wildie Saturday.

No. 1 flour 55c; Belle of Lincoln 45c, at S. W. Davis. Jan 26-31

Dr. M. Pennington returned from the Louisville Medical college Sunday.

The SIGNAL and Twice-a-week Courier Journal one year for \$1.25.

S. W. Davis will be prepared to give you a good lunch during Court. Jan 26-31

For the best flour in town, by the barrel or sack, for the least money, call on Houk & Son.

U look, look, look for basement when you want fancy groceries and a good lunch. Jan 26-31

The report of the assassination cut our local matter short this week.

Dr. Pennington, Dentist, will be at the Miller House during Circuit Court prepared to do all kinds of dental work.

C. C. Davis is the man who takes your measure for a suit of clothes and never makes a mistake.

At C. C. Davis & Co's Drugstore.

All persons indebted to me will please call and settle their accounts at once, as I am needing the money.

MRS. CLEO BROWN.

FILES OF PEOPLE

testify to the merit of Banner Salve in curing piles. It is guaranteed. C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

If you want a good tailor made suit for less money than you will have to pay for a hand-me-down, come around and I can fix you up.

C. C. Davis, at Drugstore.

FROST BITES AND CHILBLAINS

quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world. C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Mr. J. W. Lee of Faulconer Ky who is to be foreman of the White Lime, Brick and Stone Co., of this place, is here preparatory to opening up their works.

If you want your collars, cuffs and shirts done up nicely bring them to Mrs. Cleo Brown's Millinery store and the agent, McKenzie Brown will send them to the Lexington Steam Laundry which is every where recognized as the best and most reliable in Kentucky. Jan 19 if

FATAL delays are caused by experimenting with cough and cold cures. Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent a cold from resulting in PNEUMONIA.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

Any one wanting timothy, clover or millet hay, in bales; white shelled corn; Northern oats for seed or feed; Northern seed potatoes, such as Early Rose, Early Ohio, or Beauty of Hebron, call on Houk & Son, Mt. Vernon. We will keep feed the year round. 31

For timothy, clover and millet hay in bales; Northern oats for seed or feed; potatoes of all varieties for seed, or anything you need that is kept in a general store, call on Houk & Son, Mt. Vernon. We will keep baled timothy, clover and millet hay; also shelled corn, the year round. Jan 26-31

The College here is progressing better than it has at any time during its existence, there are now over 100 pupils in attendance and every one seems to be perfectly delighted with the school. The people should compliment the board of trustees in securing such able corps of teachers as they have.

Gran Clark, of Climax, this county, found one morning last week, when he arose, placed upon his door-step a child about eighteen months old. Mr. Clark spent some little time in trying to find where the child came from but all in vain. The child was brought here the first of the week and placed in the poor-house. The people should all assist Mr. Clark in finding out who is the guilty party, and when found he should be dealt with, in a manner suitable to such a character.

For fire, life and accident insurance, call at the SIGNAL office. E. S. ALRIGHT, Agent.

EIGHT-Tons baled timothy hay for sale. W. G. Hiatt. Mt. Vernon, Ky. 31

Mr. Luther Chresterson of Lexington and Miss Emma Rickles of this place were married at Lexington Jan. 17th. After a tour of several days through the East, they will return to Lexington where they will locate.

For insurance of any kind, fire, life or accident, only the very best companies in the United States represented. Call on E. S. A. bright, agent, at SIGNAL office.

"I have always used Foley's Honey and Tar cough medicine, think it the best in the world," says Chas. Bender, a newsdealer of Erie, Pa.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

The band boys will give an oyster supper at the Court House, on Tuesday night of the first week of circuit court, the proceeds to go towards buying uniforms for the band. Let every one come out on that night and assist the boys.

We have just received a large bill of flour in barrels and sacks, which we guarantee to be as good as any on the market; and our prices are such as not to be equaled by any firm in town. Houk & Son.

Theo Wesley guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to any one who is not satisfied after using two thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

J. T. Adams and James Houk Jr. have purchased from Mrs. Mae Celev the corner lot on Main street just below post office, and will at once begin to erect a \$4000 or \$5000 business house. This will be one of the greatest improvements added to our little town in many a day. And the people should all feel proud that we have two such hustlers as Messrs Adams and Houk, in our midst.

TO STOP A COLD.

After exposure or when we feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time! Take nothing else.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

ORLANDO.

Rev. Wm. Williams will preach at Hazel Patch, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Liza Gipson, daughter of O. E. Gipson, is very low with some pulmonary disease.

John Weaver has been very sick for several weeks with some nervous trouble.

Rev. Jewel and wife were visiting in this neighborhood Saturday last.

W. J. Childress will leave Sunday for Louisville to attend a course of lectures at the Hospital College of Medicine.

Tom Andersons children who have been very sick with fever are convalescent.

Mr. Gilbert Robison and family have moved back to this place from Hazle Patch where he has been at work for some time.

Geo. Evans sold a horse to Bright Mullins the other day for \$40.00

Chas. Foster of Nashville a traveling man was here this week.

Andy Mason was tried for disorderly conduct a few days ago but was acquitted.

A singing convention is being taught at Flat Rock by a Mr. Cromer of Laurel county.

Mr. Johnnie Phillips constable and Wiley Parker of Goochland

were down in Egypt a few nights ago having a good time and during the night some time some one cut Phillips horse tail and one ear off

POSSUM HOLLER.

(Level Green.)

Dear Editor:

I have been much perturbed over the report that you can't read my manuscript, and that you also accuse me of bad spellin. Now, sir, ef thar iz ennything, literary, that i pride myself on it—iz spellin, and i'll bet Goebel's chances in the contest against six chaws of tobacker that i can beet you on a fair spel. Now, what do you hav to sa?

We hav but little nooze to inform the public cv now.

We learn, with pleasure, that, our soldier boys went to Frankfort, settled everything legally and satisfactorily and returned without the loss of life, limb or blood.

We do believe, as one of our county officials onst said: "We need more prayin and less fightin." We have good schools, firm teachers, splendid lawyers, patriotic politishions, eloquent preachers, and Bible readers. But I tell you confidentially, that there iz but durned little prayin dun among all these, except what the poor, half-pade, over-worked preachers do, and for them to hav to offer sacrifice fur all these iz more than he can atone for properly.

I had been thinking of havin a day of fastin and prayer appointed but az our impending dangers iz all averted i don't no that it will be done. Now we hav every class of peril in Possum Holler except ore—the best Christian class, and we will glady make room for a few of them ef they'll cum. We saw sometime since, the following problem in the Interior-Journal viz: Add any six of the follwing figures, so as to make 21.

1	1	1
3	3	3
5	5	5
7	7	7
9	9	9

The Interior-Journal solves it by adding each of the columns which makes 25; then he adds the 2 in the tens place to the 5 in the units place making 7 and then the 3 sevens which makes 21.

Now we contend that he violates his statement of the problem in his solution for, undoubtedly we are to take 6 of the 15 figures given and add them and aggregate 21 no more nor less. Now, did he do this?—We say no.

We think the following is a correct solution viz: 9 plus 7 plus 3 plus 1 plus . 9 plus . 1=21. It is a well established mathematical principal that no 6 or any other even number of integers of odd numbers can be added and produce an odd number, therefore we take 1, 2, 7 and 9=20 and 9 plus 1=21. In this we have legitimately added 6 of these figures and made 21. Now tell us who is right, if you know and if you don't know just own up like a little man.

We will defend our solution before any literary tribunal, for we have legitimately added 6 and only six of the figures given and made the 21. It can also be done by using the common fraction form instead of the decimal.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

Misunderstood symptoms of disease lead doctors to treat some thing else when the kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health when other medicines have failed.

C. C. Davis & Co., Mt. Vernon; Dr. Clark, Brodhead; Hagan Bros., Livingston.

There is no better medicine for the babies than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Its pleasant taste and prompt and effectual cures make it a favorite with mothers and small children. It quickly cures their coughs and colds, preventing pneumonia or other serious consequences. It also cures croup and has been used in tens of thousands of cases without a single failure so far as we have been able to learn. It not only cures croup but when given as soon as the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack.

In cases of whooping cough it liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate, and lessens the severity and frequency of the paroxysms of coughing, thus depriving that disease of all dangerous consequences. For sale by Theo Wesley, druggist, Mt. Vernon.

ZAMBOANGA, Philippine Islands.

December 14, 1899.

Miss Emma Pennington.

Dear Sister: It is with much pleasure I write you a few lines to-day. I could write you a long letter if I had time, but the mail steamer goes out to-day and I didn't know it until just now. This is the first chance I have had to write since we left Honolulu.

We arrived here on the 8th. This is an old but beautified city. The Spanish burned it and only a few buildings are left. Our company is located in an old hospital—once a fine building, but nearly gone to rack. We have been transferred to the artillery. I suppose we will stay at this town; the other companies will be stationed in different parts of the Island. This Island is 500 miles from Manila. There has been but little fighting done here, and don't think we will have any to do.

I am in good health—weigh 152 pounds—2 pounds more than I ever weighed. I am taking as good care of my health as I know how. I eat a great deal of fruit—it being so cheap; four bananas for a cent, coconuts a cent each. The natives wear good clothes and are friendly; but there is a race of people here called Moers, that go almost naked—wearing only a breach cloth. They are the ugliest people I ever saw.

Well, I just returned from a drill with not a dry thread on me. I suppose you are preparing for a merry Xmas—only ten days from to day. I would love to be there to spend it with you; but Xmas will be over and forgotten when you get this letter.

I forgot to tell you about my trip from Honolulu. We left there on the 6th of November; had a very good time for a week or so, with smooth sea, but finally it changed into a storm. Talk about bad feelings, we all felt bad, very few of us had ever been in a storm at sea. We thought the ship was going to sink—you can imagine my feelings.

Well, I suppose Harris White is at home by this time. Bob Williams is well. The entire 31st Regiment is in good health; has never been a death and very little sickness, only two of this company (A) in the hospital.

The natives here remind me of little children. They never saw a horse or mule before. They work water buffalos in a cart-of-a-thing with wheels sawed from off a tree. There are a few ponies, but they are very small. Chickens grow wild here, can buy one cooked for 15 cents in their money which is 7 1/2 cents in ours. The women here are small—look like 15-year-old girls. Most of the men are small too—all but their feet, they have an awful foot. Will close now, and don't be uneasy about me should you not hear from me for two or three months. I am looking for a letter from you on every ship that comes in. So good by, Your loving brother,

GEO. PENNINGTON,

Co. A 31st U. S. V. I.

Zamboanga, Miranao, Philippine Islands.

BRODHEAD.

Mr. W. R. Martin, of Roanoke, Va., is here visiting his uncle, R. S. Martin, also a certain young lady near Maretburg.

Miss Ollie Cummins is visiting friends and relatives in the Glades.

Misses Ellen and Lillie Butner of Wildie, have been visiting Mrs. J. R. Cass.

Mesdames Dr. Gravelly and R. S. Martin were visiting the family of Mr. S. H. Martin at Maretburg last week. Miss Berda returned with them and is now their guest. Mrs. J. T. Cherry attended the

burial of Mrs. Bastin at Lancaster, Sunday.

County Attorney Colyer came down Saturday to prosecute some Gumsulphur boys who got on a tire here Friday night.

The 15-year-old boy of Calvin S. Thompson was thrown from a horse last Friday and died of his wounds Sunday.

Brown and Cress bought of the Albright boys four head of cattle averaging \$22.50 per head.

Quite a crowd of citizens came to Brodhead, Wednesday to learn particulars of the shooting of Senator Goebel. There is considerable excitement throughout this vicinity

Mrs. H. L. Tharp and daughters Lizzie and Marguerite, have returned to their home at Larretta after a pleasant visit to friends at Mt. Vernon.

Miss Mollie Houk, of Maretburg, is visiting Miss Mollie Brown.

J. N. Johnson is at East Bernstadt holding down the wires.

Mr. J. B. Farmer depot agent at this place, was seriously hurt while starting the gasoline pump Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Newland, of London, Mrs. J. G. Frith, of this place attended the burial of Mrs. Newland's father at Lowell, Ky., Sunday last.

BEREA.

John Bardette has gone to Georgetown College.

Religh Harris, of Whites Station, was here Sunday.

Prof. Clarence Poage, of Kirksville, preached a trial sermon at the Glade Christian church, Sunday.

Mr. Willis Foote, of Minnesota, is spending a few days with friends here.

Prof. L. V. Dodge, gives a lecture Tuesday in the College Chapel on James A. Garfield.

Rev. W. E. Barton, of Illinois, a former Berea student, is visiting friends here. He expects to spend sometime in the mountains.

P. A. Pennington, P. D. S.; M. D.

DENTST.

N W Cor. Third and Chestnut Sts. LOUISVILLE, KY.

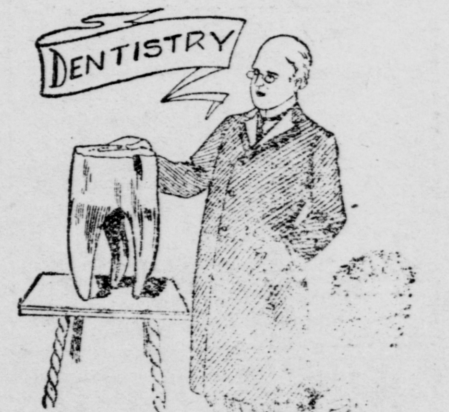
Will be at Miller House. It Vernon during all Circuit Courts.

G. W. McClure. J. W. Brown. McClure & Brown

Attorneys-at-Law.

MT. VERNON, KY.

All business entrusted to our care will receive prompt attention. Office on Main street



Our study and practical work for years have been the TEETH AND THEIR TROUBLES.

Is it any wonder, therefore, that in 99 cases out of a hundred, we can remedy faulty teeth? It is folly to let a decayed or broken tooth go without attention, simply because it does not ache. It may cause you a great deal of trouble later. Let us see what we can do to put it in good shape:

Teeth extracted..... \$.25
Best amalgam fills..... .75
Best gold fills..... 1.50
A good set of teeth..... 5.00

Half fare on R. R. and free hotel accommodations for people from a distance, if you write for terms and engagements.

DR. V. H. HOBSON.

Office next door to postoffice, Richmond, Ky.

WILLIAM KEPT TAB.
An Elevator Boy Who Was a Regular Gustatory Budget for the House.

Monday morning.
The passenger in the elevator of the large apartment house sniffed the air.
"Seems to me, William," she said, "it smells cabbage."
"Yes'm," replied the elevator boy. "The Ferguson's, on the third floor back, is cooking 'em far dinner."
Tuesday afternoon.
"If I'm not mistaken, William, there is a strong odor of mutton here."
"Yes'm. They're having mutton fur dinner at the Welkersons, on the next floor, about halfway back."
Wednesday.
"William, where does that smell of onions come from?"
"Comes from the Cluppings, ma'am. Their company's gone, and they don't have no meat to-day."
Thursday evening.
"I think I notice a flavor of soap in the atmosphere, William."
"Yes'm. The Brinkmeyers are doing their washin'. They do that every two weeks."
Friday.
"Who's having fish to-day, William?"
"The Swallowers on the fourth floor, the Biddlecombes on the third floor, the Jordenses on the second floor, and the Dorans on the first. They ain't begun to cook it yet."
"Do you know what we are to have for dinner, William?"
"Yes'm. Cold meat an' turnips—but I won't tell anybody, ma'am."—Chicago Tribune.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Modest Request.

Ambition is an admirable trait, but it is not the single qualification for success. Among highly ambitious youths must be numbered a German who for several years had been apprenticed to a cooper. The young man felt that constant cooping was not compatible with his hopes for the future. Accordingly, after deliberation, a few months ago he addressed a letter to the head of the great Rothschild banking house at Frankfurt, setting forth at some length his strong dislike for his trade, and asking to be accepted as "an apprentice millionaire," promising diligence and all application in learning "the business." The young man is still a cooper.—Youth's Companion.

The Pacific and Oriental Mail.

Leaves Grand Central Station, New York, by the New York Central, every night in the year at 9:15, and the fourth night thereafter this mail is at San Francisco, ready for delivery or transfer to the steamers for Hawaii, Australia, Philippines, Japan and China.

See the new "Round the World" folder just issued by the New York Central Lines. A copy will be sent free, post-paid, on receipt of three cents in stamps, by George H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

A Suggestive Name.

Mr. Dukane—There is one thing to be said in Gen. Kitchener's favor.
"Mr. Gassell—What is that?"
"A man with that name should have no difficulty in getting the range of the enemy."—Pittsburgh Chronicle-Telegraph.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

The fellow whom you think wears his hair too long is sure to wear yours too short.—Elliott's Magazine.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an A No. 1 Asthma medicine.—W. R. Williams, Anioch, Ill., April 11, 1894.

Every man thinks that only those whom he owes want to settle.—Washington (La.) Democrat.

"Take Time by The Forelock."

Don't wait until sickness overtakes you. When that first feeling, the first rheumatic pain, the first warning of impure blood are manifest, take Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will rescue your health and probably save a serious sickness. Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

CONSTIPATION

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief. I was once in a hospital, but I began using CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS, and I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give \$100 for each movement. It is such a relief."
ATYMER L. HUNT,
1699 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

CANDY
CATHARTIC
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Gripes. No. 30c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION.
Selling Remedies Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 32

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

The best remedy for Consumption. Cures Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, Sore Throat, and all other lung troubles. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Trial, 20 for 3c.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

is made to give satisfaction—and it does. Have you used it?

DROPSY

NEW DISCOVERY: give quick relief and cure worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S ROSS, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

WESTERN CANADA.
One of the Choice Spots on the Continent Open for Settlement.

The following extracts from an interesting letter to the Mason City (Iowa) Republican, written by Mrs. S. A. Brigham, late of that place, but now of Ross Creek, Alberta, Canada, so nearly describes most of the districts of Western Canada that we take pleasure in presenting same to the attention of our readers:

WESTERN CANADA.
Crop Prospects and Climate About Edmonton, N. W. T.

(Interesting letter from Mrs. S. A. Brigham, late of Mason City.)
Editor Mason City Republican.
Ross Creek, Alberta, N. W. T., Canada, Aug. 7, 1899.

Dear Sir:
We are located in the Beaver Hills, 30 miles from Ft. Saskatchewan and 50 miles from Edmonton. To the east of this is an immense area of bottom lands, which furnishes abundance of hay for the settlers. It is dotted with small lakes, the largest of which is called Beaver Lake, 16 miles in length.

There is shelter for the cattle and horses now feeding there.
The Beaver Hills are covered with small green willows which are easily gotten rid of before breaking up the land. Here and there poplar, birch and tamarack trees abound. Small meadows are numerous. The soil in these hills is much richer than the bottom lands, being a kind of black loam mould. There is no tough sod to break and it is very productive. Wheat, oats and barley do finely, and vegetables are the finest that can be grown. Potatoes especially are large and solid, easily producing from 200 to 300 bushels per acre, and best of all never a "tatty bug" to wrestle with.

Wild fruit—strawberries, gooseberries, saskatoons (or pine berries), raspberries and cranberries—are found in the hills. Small tame fruit does finely; the red and white currants in my garden are as large again as common sized ones.
We have long days during the months of June and July, one can see to read many evenings until 10 o'clock in the twilight. Some nights less than 3 hours of darkness and the birds are singing at 2 o'clock. Then again, it rains so easily. You look toward the west and see a little cloud coming up, a gentle shower follows, the sun shines forth again, and in a little while you forget it has rained.

Cyclones are unknown here and the thunder and lightning is very light. We had two storms this summer accompanied with wind and hail, but nothing to lodge the grain. The average heat is about 75 degrees. We had three or four days in July at 90. The nights are always cool.

The winter season is one of great activity. All the fencing is gotten out then and logs for the farm buildings. By paying 25 cents you are granted a permit at the land office to cut logs upon vacant lands. The roads are good and smooth, for the snow never drifts, not even around the buildings, and this is a great saving of time to the farmer. Hay is hauled from the bottom lands all winter long, and a man can work outside every day as far as the weather is concerned. There are cold snaps when it reaches 40 and 45 below zero, but the lack of wind prevents one realizing it and the mountains 150 miles west of us are a great protection.

Our neighbors are mostly Canadian, Scotch, Swede, and we have a nice sprinkling of people from the States. The creeks abound in small fish. We are now in the midst of hay-making (Aug. 7th). Wheat will not be cut until early September, this being a little later season than common, but the crop will be immense. I send you a sample of wheat and barley—its height is almost even with my shoulders, average 50 inches. Newcomers lacking binders can hire their grain cut for 75 cents per acre. Prairie chickens are here by the thousands.

The water is good. We have a fine well 15 feet deep. In the creeks the water is soft and of a yellowish colour. Then again we are surrounded with bachelors; we have no less than 18 single men in this neighbourhood, on matrimony bent. When a feminine gender of any age between 14 and 40 visits these hills we pity her, so great is the demand for her company.

In conclusion, if the remainder of our loved ones were here with us, we should better enjoy life on Ross Creek, and unless the unexpected develops, consider this will be a pretty fair place to end our days.
MRS. S. A. BRIGHAM.

Felt Smaller Than He Looked.

The dwarf of the new house is John L. Burnett, from Alabama. An Alabamian the other day related this story, which will appear to the speaker when he makes his maiden speech. Burnett, commonly known in his district as "the Jack of Spades," is a shrewd lawyer who has had much practice before the Alabama supreme court. The greatest embarrassment of his life was suffered when he made his debut before that dignified tribunal. He was seated behind a high table, stacked with law books and papers, and when he arose in his turn to address the court their honors were unable to even see the top of his head above the pile. "The learned counsel," said the chief justice, rapping vigorously with his gavel, "will kindly do the court the usual courtesy of rising when addressing it." It is needless to add that Burnett felt manifold more diminutive than he looked.—Philadelphia Call.

Unconscious Plagiarism.

Crimsonbeak—How history does repeat itself, doesn't it?
Yeast—What now?
"Why, in our town we had a piano concert the other night and the artist's name was Prof. Gridley. When the manager was ready to start the show he shouted: 'You may bang away when ready, Gridley!'"—Yonkers Statesman.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.
First Session.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Senate—The committee on privileges and elections made a report on the Quay case. A majority report was adopted, seating him and the minority advocates giving him the seat. No action was taken. The rest of the day was devoted entirely to speech-making. Mr. Turner and Mr. Ross discussing the Philippine question, and Mr. McNary and Mr. Roberts on the race question in the south.

House—The Roberts case was the one subject that occupied the time of the house. Arguments were made in favor of both the majority and minority reports, and then Mr. Roberts defended his position in a lengthy speech. No action was taken.

Washington, Jan. 21.—Senate—Routine business occupied the attention of the senate in a brief session. The resolution by Mr. Pettigrew (S. D.), calling upon the president for information regarding the treaty entered into with the sultan of Sulu, was passed. An extended debate was precipitated by a conference report on the census administrative bill, but the census committee gained its point and the measure was sent back to conference.

House—The Roberts case occupied the entire time of the house, the most of the speeches being made in favor of the majority report. No ballot was taken.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Senate—A bill was introduced to repeal the war revenue stamp tax, also one for the incorporation of the National Association of Manufacturers, the object being the promotion of the manufacturing interests of the United States. Bills were reported as follows: For erection of 12 light houses and for signal stations in Alaska, giving United States military attaches at foreign courts the rank and pay of colonels for the time of such service. The urgent deficiency bill, carrying about \$9,000,000, was passed without division and practically without debate.

House—The case of Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon representative-elect from Utah, which has occupied so much of the attention of the house since the assembling of congress, was decided by the adoption of a resolution to exclude him by a vote of 285 to 20. Some minor business was transacted before the debate was resumed. A bill was passed to set aside for paying tribute to the memory of the late Representative Settle, of Kentucky. Bills were introduced to pay each volunteer soldier who served in Cuba \$50, and each one who served in the Philippine Islands \$75, in full of travel pay; to prohibit persons not officers of the army or navy from wearing the uniform of the United States.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Senate—Not in session.
House—The greater portion of the session of the house was devoted to eulogies upon the life and public service of the late Vice President Hobart. The tributes paid to his memory were not perfunctory eulogies, but breathed the love and admiration and respect which he has universally held. Before the eulogies began the conference report on the census bill was adopted and an attempt was made to pass a bill to pay the cost of repairing the Manila cable, which Dewey cut just prior to his victory. Congress had developed, however, and it went over. Sherman (rep. N. Y.) reported the Indian appropriation bill. Cannon (rep. Cal.) reported the general deficiency bill and asked for the appointment of a conference committee on the senate amendments. Cannon, Barney (Wis.) and Livingston (Ga.) were appointed the conferees.

Washington, Jan. 27.—Senate—Not in session.
House—The house gave an hour to eulogies on the late Representative Baird, of Louisiana, and beyond this transacted no business of importance.

Washington, Jan. 28.—Senate—Senator Mason, replying to a British vice consul at New Orleans who had criticised the Transvaal views severely, vigorously replied and criticised the British government in going to war against the Boers. He asked that the peace treaty be ratified, so that the barrier to mediation will be removed. Senator Hoar spoke in the same strain, as did also Mr. Tamm. Mr. Tillman delivered a speech on the Philippine question, maintaining that this government ought to extend to the Philippines the right to govern themselves.

House—Representative Brown introduced a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the construction of a public building at Xenia, O. Representative Boreing, of Kentucky, introduced a bill to pension Lieut. Col. L. H. Rousseau, Somerset, Ky., at the rate of \$30 a month. Col. Rousseau was an officer of the 12th Kentucky infantry. Mr. Boreing introduced also a large number of minor pension bills. Representative Johnston, of West Virginia, introduced a bill authorizing the secretary of the treasury to pay to the trustees of the Month of December Baptist church, Summers county, West Virginia, \$100,000, the sum destroyed by United States troops during the civil war. Mr. Clayton introduced a resolution that the secretary of the treasury and naval forces of the United States be withdrawn from the island of Cuba, and that the government of the island be left to the Cuban people. A bill to require pilots and officers of steam vessels to make oath to their applications for licenses was passed.

A FUNERAL TRAIN.

It Will Convey the Bodies of Gen. Lawton, Maj. Logan and Surgeon Armstrong East.

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—A funeral train is being arranged by the Southern Pacific Co. to convey the remains of Maj. Gen. Henry W. Lawton and Maj. John A. Logan, Jr., to the east. The remains of Dr. J. L. Armstrong, a regular army surgeon, will also be conveyed on the same train. The three bodies are on the transport Thomas, which is due from Manila. The body of Dr. Armstrong, like that of Gen. Lawton, is to be interred at Arlington cemetery. Maj. Logan is to be buried at Youngstown, O., the home of his wife, Maj. Gen. Shafter, with a military escort, will accompany the remains of Gen. Lawton to Washington, where there will be an imposing military funeral. Mrs. John A. Logan and her children, with several eastern friends will also be on the train.

Appropriated Employer's Money.

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—Robert A. Jenkins, who was cashier of the Texas & Pacific Railroad Co. at Shreveport, La., has been arrested here and taken back to Louisiana on the charge of appropriating \$2,200 belonging to his employers.

Ex-Minister Phelps Worse.

New Haven, Ct., Jan. 29.—Edward J. Phelps is extremely weak and the physicians would not be surprised to notice a change for the worse any hour. The doctors do not hold out any encouragement.

Honeymoon in Jail.

Wayne, W. Va., Jan. 28.—Mordcaai Ferguson and Miss Polly Lucas were married here by Rev. J. C. Lambert. The wedding occurred in the county jail and was witnessed by a number of county officials, as well as the father and mother of the bride. The honeymoon will be spent in jail, as the groom is under indictment.

Prominent Jurist Dead.

Jackson, Miss., Jan. 29.—Judge Thos. J. Wharton, one of the oldest and most prominent jurists of the state, is dead.

Artificial Sight.

A Russian inventor has perfected an electrical appliance, which he claims will enable the blind to see. This will bring much happiness to those who have defective eyesight. Another great discovery which will bring much happiness to those whose stomachs have become deranged is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It has made a world wide reputation for itself as a certain cure for such ailments as indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, biliousness and malaria, fever and ague.

Due to Anxiety.

Guest—Ouch! You've spilled some soup down my neck.
Waiter—I'm sorry, sah; but you see, sah, I'm so in doubt if you is going to gub me a tip or not, it makes me nervous.—What To Eat.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever.

Is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chills Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

Creations of Habit.

Many a man now, when he starts to date his letter, makes it "99," and then he uses 99, 0-y words.—Philadelphia Record.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

It is good to know we cannot give happiness without receiving it.—Elliott's Magazine.

Not need, but pride, keeps us poor.—Ran's Hora.

THE MARKETS.

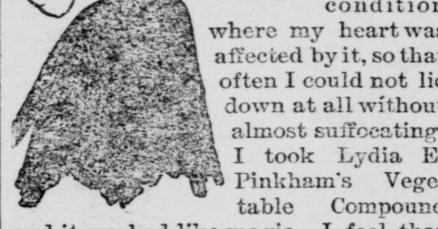
CINCINNATI, Jan. 29.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle, com'n 3 65	4 25
Select butchers	4 80
1000s—Choice packers	4 50
Mixed packers	4 40
Light shippers	4 30
4000s—Choice	4 20
JAMBS—Extra	5 00
FLOUR—Spring patent	5 70
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	6 35
No. 3 red	6 25
Corn—No. 2 mixed	3 15
Oats—No. 2 mixed	2 00
Rye—No. 2	2 10
PROVISIONS—Mess pork	11 25
Lard	5 55
HAY—Choice timothy	12 50
BUTTER—Choice dairy	16 17
In ice creamery	15 25
APPLES—Choice to fancy	3 00
POTATOES—Per bush	1 75
CHICAGO.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 40
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	6 30
No. 3 Chicago spring	6 15
Corn—No. 2	3 15
Oats—No. 2	2 00
POK—Mess	10 50
LARD—Steam	5 70
NEW YORK.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 55
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	6 75
Corn—No. 2	4 00
Oats—No. 2 mixed	2 10
Rye	6 12
POK—Mess	10 50
LARD—Steam	5 75
BALTIMORE.	
FLOUR—Family	3 20
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	6 75
Southern	6 75
Corn—Mixed	3 75
Rye—No. 2 western	6 00
CATTLE—First quality	5 25
HOGS—Western	4 80
INDIANAPOLIS.	
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	7 10
Corn—No. 2 mixed	3 15
Oats—No. 2 mixed	2 10
LOUISVILLE.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 45
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	7 10
Corn—Mixed	3 75
Oats—Mixed	2 10
POK—Mess	10 50
LARD—Steam	5 75

THE NERVES OF WOMEN

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Relieves the Suffering from Overwrought Nerves.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I am so grateful for the benefit derived from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound that I wish you to publish this testimonial that others may know the value of your medicine. I was suffering such tortures from nervous prostration that life was a burden. I could not sleep at all and was too weak to walk across the floor without aid. The disease had reached a condition where my heart was affected by it, so that often I could not lie down at all without almost suffocating. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it worked like magic. I feel that your medicine has been of inestimable benefit to me."—MISS ADELE WILLIAMSON, 195 N. Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

Thin, Sallow and Nervous.
"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was thin, sallow and nervous. I had not had my menses for over a year and a half. Doctored with several physicians in town and one specialist, but did not get any better. I finally decided to try your medicine, and wrote to you. After I had taken three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and three of Blood Purifier, my menses returned, and I feel as well and strong as I ever did, and am gaining flesh."—MISS LENA GAINES, Visalia, Tulare Co., Cal.



Use CUTICURA Soap exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor.

Use CUTICURA Soap (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle. CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal. CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Save the Hair, Hands, and Skin," free.

The Set, \$1.25

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Salzer's 3 Eared Corn

This new, earliest, corn will revolutionize corn growing, yielding in 1899, in Minnesota, 400 bush. per acre. BIG FOUR OATS yields 200 bush. per acre, and you can beat that!
BIG FIVE PEAS yields 120 bush. per acre. Greatest grain and hay food this side of the great BARLEY, BEAR, and LENTILS. Yields 120 bush. in N. Y. Wonderful! RARE! A TON of green food for cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, etc., at 25c. a ton. We will send you a sample of the Rape seed used in the U. S. HONOR INERUS Greatest grass on earth. Grows to perfection in America everywhere. Guaranteed to grow. 25c. per acre. Best vegetable, per acre \$1.00.
THE MILLION DOLLAR potato is the most talked of potato on earth, and Sater & Weeks' both will make you rich. Largest grower of Potatoes and Farm Seeds in the world.
FOR 10c. STAMPS and this notice, we will send you a sample of the Rape seed used in the U. S. HONOR INERUS Greatest grass on earth. Grows to perfection in America everywhere. Guaranteed to grow. 25c. per acre. Best vegetable, per acre \$1.00.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO. LA CROSSE, WIS.

40 YEARS OF SUFFERING!
NEURALGIA DROPS

Gentlemen: I have been sending you for your "5 DROPS" for several parties who have used it and who say it is the best they ever used. One old lady has had NEURALGIA FOR 40 YEARS, has tried nearly everything she could hear of without relief until she commenced using "5 DROPS" and now she is not troubled with that disease. Each one that has used it says it is the best remedy, and all join in praise of "5 DROPS." For the enclosed money please send me three large bottles of "5 DROPS," one package of Pills and one Plaster, and hurry them forward without delay.

Jan. 11, 1900. SAMUEL SPEEGLE, Falkville, Ala.

RHEUMATISM

Gentlemen: My mother, Mrs. Eliza Austin, of Fremont, Wis., has been almost an invalid for years with RHEUMATISM and for the past five years has not been able to walk 40 rods until she began to use "5 DROPS," about two months ago. She now walks a mile at a time and is doing all her own work in the house, a thing she has not done for years. You are at liberty to publish this testimonial, with my name and also my mother's.
Dec. 27, 1899. MRS. C. H. PURDY, Waupaca, Wis.

Is the most powerful specific known. Free from opiates and perfectly harmless. It gives almost instantaneous relief and is a positive cure for Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Backache, Asthma, Hay Fever, Catarrh, Croup, Whooping Cough, Nervousness, Nervous and Neuritic Headaches, Earache, Toothache, Heart Weakness, Dropsy, Malaria, Creeping Numbness, etc., etc.

30 DAYS to enable sufferers to give "5 DROPS" at least a trial, we will send a 25c sample bottle, prepaid by mail for 10c. A sample bottle will convince you. Also, large bottles (50c. each), \$1.00. 5 bottles for \$4.50. Sold by us and agents. AGENTS WANTED in New Territory. Write us to-day.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160 to 164 Lake St., CHICAGO, ILL.

Prevent Baldness
And Cleanse the Scalp of Crusts, Scales, and Dandruff by Shampoos with



And light dressings with CUTICURA, purest of emollient skin cures. This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, stimulates the hair follicles, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of Women

Use CUTICURA Soap exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

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A Chance to Please the Children.

Four Funny Story Books for 10 Cts. With its usual enterprise the B. & O. S-W. R. R. makes this popular offer to its patrons:

FOUR COMPLETE BOOKS

EACH BOOK ILLUSTRATED IN COLORS.
"Uncle Eli's Monkey Stories."
"Uncle Eli's Elephant Stories."
"Uncle Eli's Tiger Stories."
"Uncle Eli's Bear Stories."

Sent to any address "Post Paid," on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

Entirely New, Up to Date, Unique, Fascinating.

The B. & O. S-W. R. R. having made special arrangements with the publishers, are enabled to make this remarkable offer to its patrons. They are just the books for everybody. Gotten up to please old and young alike. Address all orders to O. P. McCARTY, General Passenger Agent B. & O. S-W. R. R., Cincinnati, Ohio.